

FOREIGN NEWS.

Delhi from India—Delhi held by the insurgents. New York, Oct. 12th.

The steamship *Atlantic*, with dates from Liverpool to the 30th ult., has arrived at Bombay this morning.

The *Atlantic* brings late advices from India.

The advices from Delhi are to August 12.

Numerous sharp encounters had occurred at Delhi, in which the rebels were defeated, but still held possession of the city.

The European reinforcements were arriving, and an assault was expected to be made about the 20th.

A doubtful dispatch states that Gen. Havelock had reached Lucknow, the Garrison of which held out against the besiegers.

The garrisons at Agra were secure at the latest advices, but their condition was precarious.

The Bombay Times, which has been received by the overland mail, does not mention the arrival of Gen. Havelock at Lucknow.

It designates the intelligence received as of a disastrous character.

A letter from Aboe says that the King of Delhi has offered to accept terms, provided his annual stipend was increased, but he was informed that nothing but an unconditional surrender would be accepted.

An English officer reports that he saw a boat containing Nana Sahib and his family swamped in the Ganges, and that all were drowned.

A telegraphic dispatch from Marcellus, received at Paris, says that the population of Bengal were beginning to rise, and that the revolution was becoming general.

Other accounts say that more mutinies have occurred among the Bombay troops, and that several suspected regiments have been disbanded.

Lord Elgin has transferred the frigates Shannon and Pearl to the use of the India government. He was about returning to China.

The latest accounts say that Gen. Havelock's position is regarded as precarious.

The Punjab is tranquil.

The organization of the Sikhs regiments, for the relief of Delhi, was rapidly progressing.

A magazine at Gwalpore was struck by lightning and exploded. Nine hundred persons were killed, and £1,000,000 sterling of property was destroyed.

Calcutta was becoming crowded with fugitives from all parts of Bengal.

The imports at Calcutta were accumulating; there were no buyers and money was scarce.

The paper of the East India Company was quoted at 24 per cent. discount.

Martial law has been proclaimed in Belgaum, a town in the province of Belgaum.

There are also later dates from China, which state that Admiral Seymour had proclaimed a blockade of the Canton river.

The imperial interview at Stuttgart lasted four days, during which Napoleon and the Czar had several interviews.

The question is agitated for an early meeting of the English Parliament.

France.—The French decree, prohibiting the export of Corn, has been extended to September, 1857.

SARDINIA.—Sardinia is making advances for a reconciliation with Austria.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 30.

Breadstuffs steady. Flour quiet, and prices easier but unchanged. Wheat buoyant. Corn quiet. Provisions dull. Beef heavy, and holders are pressing on the market. Bacon firm and buoyant. Lard dull. Sugar quiet.

Later from California.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 13.—The steamship *Granada* with dates from Havana to the 10th inst., has arrived here.

She left the Northern Light at Havana with \$1,500,000 in specie for New York.

The *Granada* experienced a gale on the 3d and 4th inst., and afterwards desisted a wreck, name not known.

Weller's majority in California is 11,000.

The Legislature is largely Democratic.

Justice Murray is dead.

Col. Casey, of Tennessee, had been killed in a duel by Mr. Blair.

The reported assassination of Alvaro had reached San Francisco.

Disturbances had occurred near the boundary of Lower California, between the Americans and the authorities.

A company was fitting out at San Diego to assist the Americans, which was considered a filibuster movement.

It was reported that Governor Castro, of Lower California, fearing a revolution among his own people, had joined the Americans.

Slight shocks of an earthquake had been felt near San Francisco.

The Constitutional Convention of Oregon was in session.

The question of slavery was slightly agitated.

California markets dull.

The accounts from the mines were good.

Heavy Robbery.

REEMOND, Oct. 13.—The Custom House at this port was entered last night by robbers. The safe was blown open with powder, and \$15,000 in \$20 pieces and \$5,700 in five-dollar pieces were stolen. The robbers left \$10,000 behind.

Suicide.

PETERSBURG, VA., Oct. 13.—Thomas H. Hardenburgh, the cashier of the branch bank of Cape Fear, at Washington, N. C., committed suicide by shooting himself.

He leaves a large family and was universally respected.

No cause is assigned for the act.

Steamboat Collision—Fifteen Lives Lost.

DEPUQUE, Oct. 5.

The steamer *Ben Courten* was run into by the steamer *Key City*, at two o'clock yesterday morning, near *La Crosse*, and immediately sunk in fifteen feet water. Fifteen deck passengers were drowned. The steamer is a total loss.

Col. Benton is rapidly improving and hopes in a few days to be able to leave his room. He is reduced from corpulence to a mere skeleton.

The Money Panic.

Measures DUNLEVY, DRAKE & Co., private bankers, of Cincinnati, suspended payment last week. Also, James H. Lucas & Co., of St. Louis, the leading banking firm of that city.

Pennsylvania Banks.

The Legislature of this State, having been called together in extra session, to take action in reference to the Bank suspensions, passed a Relief Bill on Tuesday, legalizing the suspensions, and fixing the third Monday in April as the time for the resumption of specie payments.

Great Excitement in New York.

Money and business matters continue to grow worse in the Eastern cities. On Tuesday a "run" was made on the Banks of New York city, nearly all of which had been paying specie up to that time, and before the close of the day eighteen of the Banks were compelled to suspend payment. The following is a list of the suspended banks:

Traders' Bank, Butcher's & Drovers' Ocean; People's Bank; Market; Oriental; New York Exchange; North River; Merchants' Exchange; Bowery; Chatham; Irving; East River; St. Nicholas; Artisans; Bull's Head; Marine.

Great crowds of people assembled in Wall street, and around the Banks, and the most intense excitement prevailed. It was supposed a general suspension by all the Banks must take place. A dispatch dated 10 o'clock Tuesday night, says it was reported on good authority that a meeting of the Bank Presidents was then in session, at which an immediate suspension was decided upon.

Hard Times for Mechanics.

Nearly three thousand workmen have been thrown out of employment recently from the large foundries and manufacturing in New York and vicinity.

The ship-yards are nearly deserted, as are the large iron foundries comparatively.

The largest cotton mills of New England are also discharging many of their operatives. In Cincinnati some of the heaviest manufacturing establishments have been compelled to do the same, in consequence of the scarcity of money. Unless there is a decided improvement in financial affairs before winter sets in, there will be a great deal of suffering among the working classes in the large cities.

Suspension of Harper and Bros.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Messrs. Harper & Brothers, extensive publishers, have suspended. Their house is reported to have a surplus of upwards of \$1,000,000.

RAILROAD FAILURES.—The N. York and Erie Railroad Company has failed, and made an assignment. The Illinois Central and Michigan Central have suspended. Erie stock is now down to 75.

TRUST COMPANY AND SUICIDE.—William C. Williams, of Manchester, N. H., who lost \$10,000 by the Ohio Life and Trust Company, hung himself in a barn on the night of October 6th.

Severity of the Money Pressure.

In announcing the suspension of the well-known house of Garner & Co., of New York, long regarded as one of the wealthiest firms in the country, the N. Y. Evening Post says:

Their payments for the month of October amount to about one million of dollars. They have offered to make a sacrifice of half a million of dollars, in order to carry them through; but the money could not be had, and they wisely preferred to stop at once. The assets of the house are said to be much larger than its liabilities, without touching their mill property, in which they have invested three millions of dollars.

Several thousand people are dependent upon them for labor.

Mr. Garner failed in 1852, when he was compromised with his creditors, and after three years of prosperity, paid them in full.

They have been instrumental during the present panic in sustaining several other houses who are now able to go on with their business, relying on their undoubted credit to meet their own engagements.

INDIANA BANKS.—The Indianapolis Journal, of the 2d, says:

We learn that quite a number of officers of branches of the Bank of the State were in the city yesterday, and that a comparison of views found them united that the Bank of the State of Indiana could and would go through the financial crisis, under all circumstances right side up.

The Tippecanoe Bank at Logansport has been protected. The bills are amply secured by a deposit of stocks.

All the Free Bank issues of Indiana are perfectly sound and good.

A CONTRACT.—In 1837, when the business world was convulsed to its center, under the effects of a monetary crisis, this country imported from abroad, during the year, over eight million dollars worth of breadstuffs. In 1857, when we have a surplus of upwards of thirty millions value of breadstuffs for export, this difference is decidedly encouraging.

ABUNDANCE AT THE WEST.—The Chicago Press says the Western harvest is completed and more abundant than ever. Corn, barley, oats, buckwheat, hay, fall feed and potatoes are all secure and good. We quote:

A large store of choice butter will be added to the dairy products of the summer, which were never equaled in quantity nor excelled in quality. All kinds of roots and garden vegetables turn out well. We never saw so great an abundance of fine cabbages, and there are onions, beets, turnips, etc., to match. And to these hundreds are to be added all sorts of fruits in profusion.

Business Failures.

Since the monetary panic commenced with the failure of the Ohio Life and Trust Company, there have been one hundred and two business failures, suspensions, &c., in New York city, and forty-five in Philadelphia.

Suspension of the New York, Boston, Hartford and Albany Bank.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—In conformity with the determination of the Board of Bank Presidents, last evening, the banks of this city have suspended specie payment.

BOSTON, Oct. 14.—The banks of this city have suspended specie payment.

The Presidents met this morning and unanimously agreed to do so. The banks of Hartford have adopted the same course.

ALBANY, Oct. 14.—The banks of this city have this morning suspended specie payments.

DECLINE IN FLOUR.—The following table exhibits the falling off in the price of flour in the New York market since the first of August:

	Aug. 1, Oct. 5, Decline
Superfine State, per bbl	\$7.10 \$4.50 \$2.60
Extra State	6.75 4.15 2.60
Western superfine	6.40 4.50 1.90
Eastern superfine	5.90 5.20 .70
Canadian extra	5.25 4.25 1.00
Baltimore, Alexandria, Georgetown	5.75 5.50 .25
Southern and foreign ex.	5.50 7.10 1.60

The different qualities of wheat have declined in price since September 1 from 50c to \$1 per barrel. The kind of flour mostly used in families has declined 25c per barrel, while the average falling off in price of these qualities consumed by bakers is about \$2.50. Prices will most likely continue to recede until the close of navigation, which usually takes place in the latter part of the month of November, and even then merchants will not be able to maintain prices if the present pressure continues; for in that event they will be unable to hold the large stocks which accumulate in their warehouses at this season of the year, and an unusual amount will be forced upon the market which will not find sale except at a sacrifice. Cheering news for the laboring classes.—N. Y. Herald, 8th.

ITEMS IN REGARD TO THE CENTRAL AMERICA DISASTER.

The *San Juan* passengers contain the following, obtained from Adolph Frederick, one of the rescued from the Central America:

Between two and three hours after the vessel sank, Capt. Herndon floated up to where Frederick and some others were on a raft. Capt. H. was provided with a handsome India-rubber life-preserver, and was floating on a piece of plank. He addressed them encouragingly, saying:

"Boys, this is a poor craft to get to New York in. Have you got any brandy among you?"

To Frederick, Capt. H. seemed capable of floating in safety for a length of time.

WRECK OF THE CENTRAL AMERICA.

The ship *Sultana*, which arrived at New Orleans on the 10th inst., from N. York, reports passing, on the 22d ult., off the coast of North Carolina, the corpses of four men and a piece of a wreck, supposed to have belonged to the ill-fated Central America.

WELL MERITED CONTEMPT.—The Norfolk papers say that the Navy Department has given orders that the Norwegian bark *Ellen*, Capt. Johnson, which saved the lives of 49 of the passengers of the ill-fated Central America, shall be repaired at the government expense, and supplied with two months' provisions, for her home voyage to Europe.

A WELL-MERITED COMPLIMENT.—President Buchanan has presented a handsome gold chronometer to Captain Johnson, of the Norwegian bark *Ellen*, who rescued some of the passengers of the ill-fated Central America. The watch and chain cost about \$350.

THREE MORE SAVED FROM THE CENTRAL AMERICA.—John Tice, first assistant engineer of the lost steamer, Alexander Grant, fireman, and J. W. Dawson, a colored passenger, arrived at New York last week, by the brig *Laura*, to which they were transferred from the brig *Mary* of Gloucester, Scotland, by which vessel they were picked up after floating about on the sea for eight days and twenty hours without food, and nearly that length of time without water. Their sufferings were intense, and when rescued they had not strength to stand, and appeared like living skeletons. Their escape is one of the most remarkable in the annals of shipwreck.

Upwards of eight thousand dollars have been collected in New York in aid of the passengers saved from the Central America. Mr. Stetson, of the Astor House, with characteristic liberality, has tendered to the officers of the bark Marine free quarters at the Astor hotel, over in New York.

A writer in the New York Evening Post who sailed in the George Law two voyages as Engineer, says the vessel was known as "the old tub." She was uns seaworthy, and the owners changed her name, and called her "Central America." He says the steamer *Illinois*, in the same line, is no better. Both were utterly unworthy, as he can demonstrate when investigation is made.

One of the passengers of the ill-fated Central America, Mrs. Jane Fell, of Glasgow, Iowa, arrived at Burlington, Iowa, a few days since. Her husband was lost, and \$6,000 in gold, with all their property, was lost. Her destitute condition excited much sympathy at Burlington. A sum was raised for her benefit.

THE PROSPECT OF RAISING THE CENTRAL AMERICA.—Some papers have been giving currency to reports that the Boston Submarine Armor Company had proposed to the underwriters to raise the Central America and save her treasure. The mate gives her position when she went down, latitude 31° 45', longitude 78° 15'. From that point to the nearest land (Cape Roman) is ninety-five miles, and the soundings show six hundred fathoms of water. From these facts the absurdity of attempting to raise the vessel or her treasure must be apparent.

The Highland News.

HILLSBOROUGH, OHIO.

Thursday, 11:11 Oct. 15, 1857.

The Result in this County.

Up to the hour at which this is written (9 o'clock, Wednesday evening) the returns from Concord, Salem, and Hamer townships have not been received, though we have reported majorities in Hamer. The whole Democratic ticket has succeeded by majorities ranging from 100 to 300. The majority for Payne will probably reach the latter figure. Gov. Chase's vote will be about 1700, a gain of 800 since 1855. The American vote will probably reach 500, a falling off of about 400 votes on the last Presidential election, the most of which have gone for the Democratic ticket. The whole vote of the county will be about 4200, or 630 less than at the Presidential election last fall.

Mr. Collins, our candidate for Representative, is only beaten by about 80 majority, running some 200 votes ahead of the State ticket.

Mr. Arthur, the American candidate for Board of Public Works, was supported by many Republicans and some Democrats, and has a majority in the county. Mr. Blickensderfer did not receive half of the Republican strength.

As we shall publish the full official vote of the whole county next week, we will not burden our columns with the partial returns we have received.

The following are the reported majorities on Governor and Representatives, as far as we have received them:

Townships.	Chase.	Payne.	Collins.	Hughes.
Brushcreek	23	—	30	—
Clay	59	—	39	—
Dodson	—	—	23	—
Fairfield	198	—	280	—
Hamer	—	130	—	120
Jackson	—	79	—	61
Kathery	—	270	—	35
Madison	91	—	103	35
Marshall	—	37	—	31
New Market	—	61	—	52
Paint	—	16	—	18
Point	29	—	39	—
Union	—	32	—	21
Washington	—	63	—	52
Whiteoak	—	45	—	43
Total	594	611	431	489

Concord, estimated maj. 65
Salem, " 68
Hugues' majority, 97

The Constitutional amendments and the Bank Charter have no doubt failed in the State. They were not placed on any of the tickets in this county, and little or no attention was paid to them.

P. S. Since the above was written we learn that Hughes' majority in Concord is only 45, or 15 less than our estimate. This reduces his majority in the county to 82.

Mr. Safford, the Democratic candidate, is no doubt elected Senator in this district. A dispatch received from Chillicothe yesterday, says that Ross county gives him about 160 majority over Trimble. The reported majority for Payne is 400.

Election Returns.

Ohio.—The returns received by telegraph are too scattering and incomplete to indicate the result with any degree of certainty. In some counties large Democratic gains are reported, in others Republican gains. Franklin county gives Payne 500 majority, and Clermont Payne 375 majority, both Democratic gains. Hamilton county gives Chase a larger vote than Fremont. Zanesville gives Payne 14 majority.—A Democratic loss of 34. We entertain no doubt of the election of Gov. Chase by a large majority.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The few returns received look favorable to the Democrats. It is probable that they have carried the State by a large majority.

LATER.

Thursday Morning, 10 1/2 o'clock.

Just as we go to press, we have received the Cincinnati Commercial of this morning, which says that Chase is certainly re-elected by from 5,000 to 10,000 majority. Blickensderfer is certainly defeated.—Bucks elected. Neither party has polled its full vote. The Republicans on the Reserve have been sleeping, and the Know Nothings have in considerable numbers voted for Payne.—Hence the reduced majority for Chase.

Mr. E. W. PAINTER, late Corresponding Secretary of the American S. S. Union, at Philadelphia, has been discovered to be a defaulter to a very heavy amount.

Earthquake at St. Louis.

Two severe shocks of an earthquake were felt at St. Louis on Thursday morning last, about 20 minutes past 4 o'clock. The Missouri Democrat says, that the first and most violent shock lasted full three-fourths of a minute, and was instantly succeeded by a second roar and attendant shock of less severity.—Many describe both as one, and aver that the heavy shock lasted full three minutes. In about five minutes afterward the noise and concussion were repeated with comparative mildness, but very persistently.

Buildings were rocked to and fro, walls cracked and many small articles in the houses were thrown from shelves and broken; but no more serious damage resulted. People were terribly frightened, however, and for some time a perfect panic prevailed. The earthquake was accompanied with a very large and brilliant meteor.

Pursuit of Specie under Difficulties.

An agent of a Cincinnati broker, who visited Piquin, in this State, a short time since, to draw specie for a large amount of notes of the Bank at that place, was compelled to leave by the excited citizens, without accomplishing his object. At Laporte, Ind., a few days since, another Cincinnati gentleman on the same business, was treated in the same manner. These proceedings, though of course illegal, are perhaps excusable on the plea of self-preservation.

Clermont Courier.

We are glad to see this excellent Republican paper again on our exchange list. It has lately passed into the hands of R. W. CLARKE, Esq., and its editorial columns afford conclusive proof that he is as good a political writer as he is a speaker. We hope his labors may aid in redeeming Clermont from the misrule of the Latter-Day Democracy.

T. W. SPRAGUE & Co.

One of the largest and handsomest establishments in the West, is the Wholesale and Retail Clothing house of T. W. SPRAGUE & Co., on Fourth, a few doors east of Main st., Cincinnati. It occupies the whole of a large five-story building, the different floors being allotted to different departments of the business. Here garments of every description, for Gentlemen's and Boys' Wear, may be purchased ready made, or made to order at the shortest notice. The Clothing sold is not like that of the ordinary "shop shops," imperfectly made, or of damaged materials, but every article is warranted well made and perfect. Gentlemen visiting the city would do well to call and look at the fine stock now offered at this establishment. For particulars we refer our readers to the card of Messrs. SPRAGUE & Co., in our advertising columns.

Republican Triumph in Kansas.

In spite of all the obstacles placed in their way by the pro-slavery party of the Territory, backed and encouraged by the government at Washington, the gallant Free State men of Kansas have achieved a complete victory in the recent election for a Territorial Legislature and a Delegate to Congress. Parrott, Republican, is elected to Congress by over 5,000 majority, and the Legislature is reported Republican in both branches. The following are the telegraphic dispatches which contain the gratifying intelligence:

St. Louis, Oct. 10.

From a gentleman just arrived from Kansas, we learn that Jefferson county is largely Republican, and Calhoun ed. doubtful.

Leavenworth county gives a Republican majority; Easton 45; Wyandotte 50; Leavenworth 200. Delaware and Kickapoo give Democratic majorities of 50 and 450. In the latter precinct troops voted at the instance of Gov. Walker.

Johnson co. is conceded to the Democrats, but it is thought Douglas co. will give a sufficiently large majority to carry the district.

SECOND DISPATCH.

Advices from Leavenworth to the morning of the 8th inst. state that Leavenworth county is the only one, thus far heard from, that has given a Democratic majority.

Douglas county gives a Republican majority of 23; Atchison 44; Douglas 1,000. These returns are given as authentic.

Tecumseh county gives 160 Republican majority; Topeka 190, and Calhoun 150.

STILL LATER.

Later advices state that Parrott's majority will reach from five to eight thousand.

According to an estimate of the Free State men the Legislature will stand: For the Council, 9 Republicans and 4 Democrats; for the House 24 Republicans and 15 Democrats.

Johnson co. gives a Democratic majority of 250.

Passen.

The late Railroad Convention voted to abolish free passes to all except officers and general agents of Railroads. The most sensible speech made was by Judge Jewett, of Zanesville, sensible, but just and true. We copy an extract of it from the Cincinnati Commercial:

"Judge Jewett said this was rather a small matter for the Convention to spend much time upon—the real evils under which the Railway System of the country was staggering lay deeper than the reach of any question of free passes to officers. But he would say that the railroads of the country never could prosper if they were deprived, the debt due to the newspaper press for its powerful aid when the idea of a railway had been explained and popularized, the public benefit shown and the people induced to come forward and associate for the purpose of accomplishing the great works that now need no advocate. For his part he was glad to have the editors of the State pass over and examine his line—he regretted to say that he did not remember to have met one of the local editors on the line of the Steubenville road for months. He could not forget the amount of unpaid labor performed in the infancy of railway building by the only men who could reach the popular ear and the popular heart in the most effective manner."

THE CHOLERA NOW EXTENDING over nearly the whole northern continent of Europe. At Gluckstadt, four per cent. of the population have died, and at Upsal the university has been closed until the 12th of October, on account of the epidemic.

The Troy (N. Y.) Budget, of Tuesday evening says, "For the first time in a period of years, a figure below 85 is used in flour quotations."

Several riots occurred in Baltimore on the 14th.

The Mobile Register states that \$150,000 have been raised in Georgia to aid Gen. Walker in his contemplated descent upon Nicaragua. Large sums have also been subscribed in Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and other Southern States.

The Fort Snelling Swindle.

The St. Paul *Minneapolis* promises a rich development touching the Administration swindle in that vicinity. It says:

Early in the next session of Congress, a Committee of investigation on the Fort Snelling operation will be moved by a Democratic member from one of the States below. He declares, as we understand, that he was himself in correspondence with the Department in Washington respecting the sale, ready to offer \$200,000 for the property. But the first information he could obtain was that it was already privately sold for \$300,000.

This piece of Galphimian by "Democratic" leaders in this Territory, has not its equal in our history. How much more completely there was at Washington, time may reveal.

The house of Eban Allen, at Worcester, was entered by burglars Monday night, and Mr. A. jumped out of bed, seized one of them, gave him a severe drubbing, and locked him into a closet until officers arrived to take him into custody. A quantity of spoons and silver forks were found upon him.

THE BABY CROP.—The Stanton Vindicator, of Oct. 3d, notices another case of triplets in Virginia:

"A lady residing near the Augusta Springs, in this county, presented her husband three fine boys on the night of the 27th ult. The weight of the smallest was 54 pounds, and the aggregate weight of the whole amounted to 173 pounds. The little fellows and their mother were doing well when last heard from. There has been a great crop this year."

Collision.

NEW YORK, Oct. 12.—The steamer *Metamora* was sunk in North river this morning by coming in collision with the steamer *Commodore*.

The passengers were saved, with the exception of two or three.

The *Metamora* was bound to New York, from Haverstraw.

The *Commodore* was bound to Albany, but returned to this port.

A second dispatch says that eight lives were lost.

Marriages.

MARRIED.—On the 1st inst., by Rev. M. G. Parkier, Mr. Wm. J. McGowan to Miss Rebecca E. Ravenna.

On the 2d ult., by Rev. J. B. O'Donohue, Mr. Peter Smith to Miss Mary King.

On the 2d ult., by C. P. Donohue, Esq., Mr. John W. Thompson to Miss Eliza Ross.

On the 3d ult., by Rev. Jas. Everhart, Mr. James M. Lovens to Miss Margaret Walden.

On the 6th ult., by Rev. Dr. Baker, Mr. James H. Moore to Miss Margaret Ballentine, all of this county.

On the 7th inst., by the same, Mr. Thos. L. Brad to Miss Mary J. Thompson.

On the 11th inst., by Rev. N. W. Cummins, Mr. Robert Ballentine to Miss Sarah Ann Stokes.

Deaths.

DIED.—At his residence three miles east of New Petersburg, on the 30th ult., Rev. Darius H. Hewitt, "a the 31st year of his age." The deceased was one of the pioneers of the West, having visited it as early as 1793, at which time, though but a youth, he was a soldier in Wayne's army. He settled in Highland county, about the year 1810, from which time up to the time of his death, he resided in the same vicinity. For more than fifty years, he had been a local preacher of the M. E. Church, and a member near sixty years.—*Citizen*.

Special Notices.

To Nervous Sufferers.

A RETIRED CLERGYMAN, retired to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send free the prescription used. Direct the Rev. JOHN M. DAGNALL, No. 186 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. oct5 mls n

CHEAP GOODS!

AT THE

New Corner Store

OF

Patterson, Van Winkle & Co.

Buyers will find at the above establishment, one of the largest and best-selected stocks of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, ever brought to this market. Our new appliances, and conveniently arranged storeroom, (the handsomest in town,) enables us to show goods to the best advantage, and with comfort to our customers. We invite all, especially the Ladies, to call and see our superior arrangements for supplying their wants in our line of trade. Goods and prices warranted to give satisfaction.

EPA large stock of Groceries, Canned and Sundry Hardware and Trimmings, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c., always on hand. EPWost wanted.

PATTERSON, VANWINKLE & CO.

July 15, 1857. jy16

"The Comet is Coming!"

But although many of the people are greatly alarmed at its approach to the Earth, our friend

G. W. HOEN,

the Tailor, does not seem to anticipate much danger from the celestial visitor, judging from the large stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

which he has just received at his establishment, and which he will warrant as low as any in the market.

EPCall and see. my17

May 7, 1857.

New Advertisements.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have been duly appointed and qualified as Administrator of the Estate of John Vanpelt, dec'd., late of Highland county, Ohio. oct5 3w

BRADY VANPELT.

GREAT BARGAINS! NEW GOODS!

H. S. SCARBOROUGH

IS NOW RECEIVING his Fall Stock of Goods, purchased in the Eastern Cities, which will be found the largest and most complete he has ever offered.

His Stock embraces all the latest and most fashionable styles of Staple and Fancy English, French, German and American

DRY GOODS.

THE LADIES will find at his store all the new and beautiful styles of DRESS GOODS for Fall and Winter wear. They are cordially invited to call and see for themselves. Also, Fashionable Hats, Caps, and Bonnets. A large assortment of Men's and Boy's Clothing and fine Boots and Shoes, an extensive supply of Ladies' and Misses' Boots and Shoes. Also

FRESH GROCERIES.

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, and GUT-LERY.

And all other articles usually inquired for in Retail Stores.

Wool Wanted, for which the highest market price will be paid. oct19

Notice.

THERE will be a petition presented to the Commissioners of Highland county at their next session in December, praying for the location of a road, beginning in a county road at Wm. Wallace's S. E. corner of his land, and corner to A. Duncanson's land, thence N. with said Wallace and Duncanson's land lines and others, to-wit: Ely Rhoads, Samuel Farming, Joshua Warriner, Richard Hopkins, Arthur Strong, Reynolds, Ely Gorder, and on Thomas Page's E. line, and Thompson Land's W. line to said Land's N. W. corner, thence E. on the land line of said Wallace and Samuel Page's S. E. corner, and corner to Mathias Berry; thence N. with Page's and Berry's lines, crossing a county road, leading from Danville to New Boston; and thence N. with said Berry, Philip Baker, Isaac Landess and Christopher Sanders to what is called the Fayetteville road. oct15w3

MANY SIGNERS.

Insurance Capital Enlarged.

FARMERS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY

HARTFORD CONNECTICUT

Incorporate 1819—Charter Perpetual

CASH CAPITAL,

Enlarged July 7th, 1857, to

\$1,000,000.

ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED!

Surplus \$422,161 11.

With the prestige of Thirty-Eight Years' Success and Experience.

DIRECTORS.

T. K. Brace, Jr., Samuel Tabor, Jas. Church, Rebt. Beall, M. A. Tuttle, E. Flower, E. A. Bulkeley, R. Mather, E. G. Ripley, S. S. Ward, H. C. Pratt, A. Duncanson, G. T. Davis, D. Hillyer, T. Alexander, W. Kasey, C. H. Brainard.

OFFICERS.

E. G. RIPLEY, President.
T. A. ALEXANDER, Vice President.
THOS. K. BRACE, Jr., Secretary.
J. B. BENNETT, General Agent.

INSURES

Against the Dangers of Fire,

PERILS OF INLAND NAVIGATION.

At its office in Hartford, the Company assumes perils of fire and navigation, and is insured for the safety and fair profit.

Special attention paid to insurance of dwellings, farm property, out-buildings and contents. Standard rates, and prompt payment of claims within five days on the most favorable terms.

LOSSES EQUITABLY ADJUSTED

AND PROMPTLY PAID. LOSSES PAID,

\$10,437,312 84.

If wealth, with a prompt attention to a legitimate insurance business, and the execution of contracts in good faith, were an inducement with the public in selecting their underwriter—we refer them for test of quality and our claims to their patronage, to records of past services, loss of property, and the continuous increasing ability and facilities in future.

EPCharges first-class indemnity may be effected without delay, with this well known and able corporation, with D. MILLER, Agent, Hillsboro, oct15 m3

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE firm of D. MILLER & SON is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the junior partner intending to go West. The business will be continued by D. Miller, who is authorized to collect the debts, and will assume all liabilities of the late firm.

D. MILLER.
W. J. MILLER.
Hillsboro, O., Sept. 29th, 1857.

Allen Swain's Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of Allen Swain, dec'd., late of Highland County, Ohio, and is now ready to receive claims against said estate. DANIEL SCOTT, admr.

T. W. SPRAGUE & CO.

CARD

For Fall and Winter of 1857.

"It has ever been our constant aim and endeavor to supply a complete stock of goods, most reliable place in the State to purchase Clothing for Men and Boys."

We have always endeavored to conduct our business on fair, honest, and obliging principles. In a word, patrons of this establishment can rely that all Goods will prove perfect in every respect, at least as much so as it is possible to get them, by constant care in buying and manufacturing. We purchase our goods that are damaged or out of style, however cheap they may appear to be. Good goods are always the cheapest in the end, especially so in Clothing. In order to secure the most desirable patterns, we select from the earliest importations.

Our Customers are men of experience and not swayed by any in the crowd. We spare no expense or pains to have our Clothing made in a superior manner. Our business is divided into four departments, viz:

First.—Custom Department.

Our assortment of Cloth, Cassimeres and Vestings is now Fall, embracing all the new and desirable goods for Fall and Winter wear. Suits will be made to order, and we guarantee a good and genteel fit guaranteed in all cases.

Second.—Ready Made Clothing.

We supply far the largest assortment of Fine Clothing of any house in the city, and have a uniform price for all; never ask a price to fall.

Third.—Boys' and Youths' Clothing.

We have spared no pains to make this a very important branch of our business. We hope our Friends who have boys to clothe will give us a call. Ages from four up.

Fourth.—Furnishing Department.

Embrace an extensive assortment of Shirts, Under Shirts and Drawers, Gloves, Stocks, Cravats, Neck Ties, Suspenders, Socks, Half Hose, Morning Gowns, &c.

Our goods will be freely shown, and when purchased and not suited, will be freely exchanged or taken back.

We shall endeavor to win the approbation of all. Our aim is to please our customers, as well as to make money.

T. W. SPRAGUE & CO.

N. 10th st., a few doors East of Main, sep21 y1

Gluckstadt, O